City of Pelham, Georgia

Financial Statements

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

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Perry L. Henry, LLC

Certified Public Accountant and Consultant

Perry L. Henry, CPA, CGFM, CFS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Pelham, Georgia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Pelham, Georgia as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud of error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the aggregate business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Pelham, Georgia as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economical or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund on page 37-38 and the Pension Plan on page 39-41 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Pelham, Georgia, Georgia's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of special purpose local option sales tax proceeds is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Official Code of Georgia 48-8-21, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and the schedule of expenditures of special purpose local option sales tax proceeds, are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial

statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of special purpose local option sales tax proceeds, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 30, 2019 on our consideration of the City of Pelham, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part on an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Pelham, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Perry L. Henry, LLC

Perry L. Henry, LLC Bainbridge, Georgia December 30, 2019

City of Pelham, Georgia Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

	Primary Government							
		vernmental	Ві	usiness-type			Co	mponent
		Activities		Activities		Total		Units
ASSETS								
Cash and Equivalents	\$	148,166	\$	126,887	\$	275,053	\$	43,403
Restricted assets		238,230		45,173		283,403		-
Receivables		79,181		142,590		221,771		10,298
Internal Balances		(1,038)		1,038		-		-
Due from Other Governmental Agencies		30,867		-		30,867		-
Prepaid Expenses Capital Assets		37,596		10,918		48,514		-
Land		541,113		673,651		1,214,764		-
Improvements other than buildings		4,608,572		12,260,484		16,869,056		-
Buildings & Building Improvements		3,469,685		62,343		3,532,028		-
Machinery and equipment		2,212,647		1,144,970		3,357,617		-
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(4,157,884)		(6,451,041)		(10,608,925)		-
Total Capital Assets		6,674,133		7,690,407		14,364,540		-
Total Assets		7,207,135		8,017,013		15,224,148		53,701
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred Outflows - Pension		236,762		-		236,762		-
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		236,762		-		236,762		-
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Long-term liabilities Due within one year		88,200		204,061		292,261		-
Bonds, capital leases and contracts		233,627		149,800		383,427		_
Accrued interest		-		1,746		1,746		_
Due in more than one year				,		, -		
Bonds, capital leases and contracts		2,068,805		1,706,296		3,775,101		_
Compensated absences		76,982		8,691		85,673		_
Net Pension Obligation		836,147		-		836,147		_
Total Liabilities		3,303,761		2,070,594		5,374,355		-
				, ,				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred Inflows - Pension		260,881		-		260,881		-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		260,881		-		260,881		-
NET POSITION		4.074.704		0.004.005		10.000 =05		
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:		4,371,701		6,024,828		10,396,529		-
Capital projects		134,256		-		134,256		-
Unrestricted		(626,702)		(78,409)		(705,111)		53,701
Total Net Position	\$	3,879,255	\$	5,946,419	\$	9,825,674	\$	53,701

			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes				nges in Net Pos	ition								
					Progr	am Revenue					Prima	ry Government				
					Opera	ating Grants	Ca	oital Grants								
			С	harges for		and		and	Go	vernmental	Bu	siness-type				
Functions/Programs	1	Expenses		Services	Cor	tributions	Co	ntributions		Activities		Activities		Total	Comp	onent Unit
Primary Government		•														
Governmental activities:																
General Government	\$	1,146,758	\$	670,482	\$	-	\$	79,664	\$	(396,612)	\$	-	\$	(396,612)		
Public Safety		1,867,745				_		-		(1,867,745)		-		(1,867,745)		
Public Works		650,104		-		-		371,285		(278,819)		-		(278,819)		
Health, Welfare and Sanitation		56,365		57,528		_		-		1,163		-		1,163		
Culture and Recreation		47,186		, <u> </u>		_		_		(47,186)		_		(47,186)		
Housing and development		442,720		30,678		_		345,492		(66,550)		_		(66,550)		
Interest on Long-term debt		1,033		-		_		-		(1,033)		_		(1,033)		
Total governmental activities		4,211,911		758,688				796,441		(2,656,782)				(2,656,782)		
. otal governmental activities		.,,		. 00,000						(2,000,102)				(2,000,02)		
Business-type activities:																
Water		568,884		739,258		_		386,466		_		556,840		556,840		
Sanitation		421,306		535,265		_		-		_		113,959		113,959		
Sewer		476,571		637,304		_		_		_		160,733		160,733		
Gas		273,830		376,328		_		_		_		102,498		102,498		
Total business-type activities		1,740,591		2,288,155	-			386.466				934,030		934,030		
Total primary government	\$	5,952,502	\$	3,046,843	\$		\$	1,182,907		(2,656,782)		934,030		(1,722,752)		
rotal primary government	Ψ	0,002,002	Ψ	0,040,040	Ψ		Ψ	1,102,501		(2,000,702)		304,000		(1,122,102)		
Component Unit																
Joint Development Authority of Mitchell Co & Pelham	\$	409,747	\$	4,925	\$	188,000	\$	_							\$	(216,822)
Total component units	\$	409,747	\$	4.925	<u>\$</u> \$	188,000	\$								Ψ	(216,822)
rotal component units	Ψ	403,747	Ψ	4,920	Ψ	100,000	Ψ									(210,022)
	Gen	eral revenues:														
		xes:														
			evied fo	or general purpo	ses					774.555		_		774.555		_
		ranchise taxes	oviou i	or gorioral parpe	,000					198,947		_		198,947		_
		nsurance premi	ım tay							279,389		_		279,389		_
		Alcoholic bevera								109,397				109,397		
		Other taxes	ge lax							56,747		_		56,747		_
		restricted invest	ment c	arninge						50,747		488		488		169
		scellaneous	arioni c	zarriirig5						204,195		4,219		208,414		1,355
		cial item - gain o	n cala	of accet						5,327		4,213		5,327		208,272
		sfers	ıı saic	01 43361						1,152,366		(1,152,366)		5,521		200,212
	IIaii		ovonus	a anacial itama	and tra	noforo				2,780,923		(1,147,659)		1,633,264		209,796
		Change in ne		es, special items	, and tra	11151612				124,141						
	NI-4.	•		1011								(213,629)		(89,488)		(7,026)
		position - beginn							Φ.	3,755,114	•	6,160,048	Φ.	9,915,162	Φ.	60,727
	ivet	position - ending	l						<u>\$</u>	3,879,255	\$	5,946,419	\$	9,825,674	\$	53,701

	Gene	ral Fund	CDBG Housing Rehabilitation LOST Capital Capital Project roject Fund Fund		Other Governmental Funds		Total ernmental Funds	
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	148,167	\$ -	\$	26,285	\$	-	\$ 174,452
Taxes receivable, net		77,848	-		-		-	77,848
Due from other funds		10	2,218		-		-	2,228
Receivable from other governments		-	30,867		-		-	30,867
Sanitation receivables		1,333	-		-		-	1,333
Restricted cash		102,090	 102,209		-			 204,299
Total assets	\$	329,448	\$ 135,294	\$	26,285	\$		\$ 491,027
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	58,679	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 58,679
Due to other funds		2,218	1,038		10		-	3,266
Accrued salaries & wages		17,352	-		-		-	17,352
Other payables		4,526	 		-			 4,526
Total liabilities		82,775	 1,038		10			 83,823
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCE	ES							
Unavailable revenue-property taxes		77,848			-			77,848
Total deferred inflows of								
resources		77,848	 					 77,848
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted for:								
Capital Projects		-	134,256		-		-	134,256
Community Development Projects		-	-		26,275		-	26,275
Unassigned		168,825	 -		-		-	 168,825
Total fund balances		168,825	134,256		26,275			 329,356
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of								
resources, and fund balances	\$	329,448	\$ 135,294	\$	26,285	\$	-	\$ 491,027

City of Pelham, Georgia Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

Total fund balance, governmental funds	\$ 329,356
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in this fund financial statement, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.	6,674,133
Payments for insurance in advance are reported as an expenditure of current financial resources in the period purchased in governmenal activities and therefore are not reported in the funds.	37,596
Pension net position is not a current financial resource and is not recognized at the fund financial reporting level but is reported in the governmental activities of theStatement of Net Position.	(836,147)
Some of the City's taxes will be collected after year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore are reported as deferred revenue in the funds.	77,850
Deferred Outlows - Pension	236,762
Deferred Inflows - Pension	(260,881)
Some liabilities (such as Notes Payable, Capital Lease Contract Payable, Long-term Compensated Absences, and Bonds Payable) are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statements, but are included in the government-wide statements.	(2,379,414)
Net Position of Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position	\$ 3,879,255

City of Pelham, Georgia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Property Taxes Sales and Miscellaneous Taxes Fees and Fines Licenses and Permits Intergovernmental Charges for Services Contributions and Donations Miscellaneous Total revenues EXPENDITURES Current: General Government Judicial Public Safety Public Works Culture and Recreation Housing and Development Capital Outlay:	941,954 433,219 598,509 71,609	\$ -	\$ -		
Sales and Miscellaneous Taxes Fees and Fines Licenses and Permits Intergovernmental Charges for Services Contributions and Donations Miscellaneous Total revenues EXPENDITURES Current: General Government Judicial Public Safety Public Works Culture and Recreation Housing and Development	433,219 598,509	\$ - -	\$ -		
Fees and Fines Licenses and Permits Intergovernmental Charges for Services Contributions and Donations Miscellaneous Total revenues EXPENDITURES Current: General Government Judicial Public Safety Public Works Culture and Recreation Housing and Development	598,509	-	~	\$ -	\$ 941,954
Licenses and Permits Intergovernmental Charges for Services Contributions and Donations Miscellaneous Total revenues EXPENDITURES Current: General Government Judicial Public Safety Public Works Culture and Recreation Housing and Development			-	30,678	463,897
Intergovernmental Charges for Services Contributions and Donations Miscellaneous Total revenues EXPENDITURES Current: General Government Judicial Public Safety Public Works Culture and Recreation Housing and Development	71,609	-	-	-	598,509
Charges for Services Contributions and Donations Miscellaneous Total revenues EXPENDITURES Current: General Government Judicial Public Safety Public Works Culture and Recreation Housing and Development		-	-	-	71,609
Contributions and Donations Miscellaneous Total revenues EXPENDITURES Current: General Government Judicial Public Safety Public Works Culture and Recreation Housing and Development	79,664	371,285	345,492	-	796,441
Total revenues EXPENDITURES Current: General Government Judicial Public Safety Public Works Culture and Recreation Housing and Development	-	-	-	-	-
Total revenues EXPENDITURES Current: General Government Judicial Public Safety Public Works Culture and Recreation Housing and Development	1,220	-	-	-	1,220
EXPENDITURES Current: General Government Judicial Public Safety Public Works Culture and Recreation Housing and Development	260,867	-	-	-	260,867
Current: General Government Judicial Public Safety Public Works Culture and Recreation Housing and Development	2,387,042	371,285	345,492	30,678	3,134,497
General Government Judicial Public Safety Public Works Culture and Recreation Housing and Development					
Judicial Public Safety Public Works Culture and Recreation Housing and Development					
Public Safety Public Works Culture and Recreation Housing and Development	968,006	-	-	-	968,006
Public Works Culture and Recreation Housing and Development	2,294	-	-	-	2,294
Culture and Recreation Housing and Development	1,773,554	-	-	-	1,773,554
Housing and Development	585,652	-	-	-	585,652
	10,291	-	-	-	10,291
Capital Outlay:	90,697	-	-	30,678	121,375
General Government	-	-	319,717	-	319,717
Public Safety	59,722	53,718	-	-	113,440
Public Works	179,204	10,588	-	-	189,792
Housing and development	21,730	-	-	-	21,730
Culture and Recreation	-	12,882	-	-	12,882
Debt Service:					
Principal	105,997	121,607	-	-	227,604
Interest and other charges	136,184	9,519			145,703
Total expenditures	3,933,331	208,314	319,717	30,678	4,492,040
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
expenditures	(1,546,289)	162,971	25,775		(1,357,543)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	1,310,507	-	-	-	1,310,507
Transfers out	-	(158,141)	-	-	(158,141)
Total other financing sources and uses	1,310,507	(158,141)			1,152,366
SPECIAL ITEM					
Proceeds from sale of assets	5,327				5,327
Net change in fund balances					
Fund balances - beginning	(230,455)	4,830	25,775	-	(199,850)
Fund balances - ending \$	(230,455) 399,280	4,830 129,426	25,775 500	-	(199,850) 529,206

City of Pelham, Georgia Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds:	\$ (199,850)
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures because such outlays use current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports only a portion of the outlay as expense. The outlay is allocate over the asset's useful life. This results in the following adjustment:	
Capital outlay reported as expenditures Depreciation expense during the current fiscal period	375,195 (306,113)
Governmental funds do not present revenues that are not available to pay current obligations. In contrast, such revenues are reported in the Statement of Activities when earned.	43,863
Some capital additions were financed through debt agreements. In governmental funds, a long-term debt agreement is considered a source of financing, but in the Statement of Net Position, the debt is reported as a liability In the governmental funds, repayment of debt agreements are considered an expense. This amount is the net effect of these differences.	229,822
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use c current financial resources and therefore, these are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:	
Changes in compensated absences	(20,538)
Change in NPO and Deferred Inflows	2,356
Governmental funds recognize expenditures for insurance using the purchases method. However, the Statement of Activities uses the consumption method and thus only the amount of insurance benefits consumed are recognized.	(594)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 124,141

City of Pelham, Georgia Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds Business-type Activities-Enterprise Funds June 30, 2019

	Enterprise Funds					
	Water,					
	Sanitation,					
	Sewer, & Gas	Total				
ASSETS						
Current Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 126,888	\$ 126,888				
Accounts Receivable, net	133,725	133,725				
Due from Other Funds	1,038	1,038				
Other receivables	8,865	8,865				
Prepaid Expenses	10,918	10,918				
Restricted Cash:						
Revenue Bond Covenant Accounts	30,246	30,246				
Capital Projects/Outlays	14,927	14,927				
Total Current Assets	326,607	326,607				
Non-current Assets:		•				
Capital Assets:						
Land and Improvements	673,651	673,651				
Utility System	12,260,484	12,260,484				
Buildings	62,343	62,343				
Equipment and Furniture	1,144,970	1,144,970				
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(6,451,041)	(6,451,041)				
Total Non-current Assets	7,690,407	7,690,407				
Total Assets	8,017,014	8,017,014				
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	99,421	99,421				
Salaries payable	2,815	2,815				
Accrued Interest Payable	1,746	1,746				
Customer Deposits	98,575	98,575				
Other Accrued Expenses	3,252	3,252				
Capital lease obligation	39,808	39,808				
Bonds, Notes and Loans Payable	109,992	109,992				
Total Current Liabilities	355,609	355,609				
Non-current Liabilities:						
Compensated Absences	8,691	8,691				
Capital lease obligation	150,708	150,708				
Bonds, Notes and Loans Payable	1,555,587	1,555,587				
Total Non-current Liabilities	1,714,986	1,714,986				
Total Liabilities	2,070,595	2,070,595				
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	6,024,828	6,024,828				
Unrestricted	(78,409)	(78,409)				
Total Net Position		\$ 5,946,419				

City of Pelham, Georgia Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds Business-type Activities-Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	 Enterprise Funds				
	Water, Sanitation, ewer, & Gas		Total		
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services	\$ 2,288,155	\$	2,288,155		
Miscellaneous Total operating revenues	4,219 2,292,374		4,219 2,292,374		
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Personal services	477,007		477,007		
Contractual services	465,602		465,602		
Repairs and maintenance	31,801		31,801		
Other supplies and expenses Depreciation	382,752 320,170		382,752 320,170		
Total Operating Expenses	 1,677,332		1,677,332		
Operating income (loss)	 615,042		615,042		
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Interest and investment revenue	488		488		
Operating grants and contributions	386,466		386,466		
Interest expense	 (63,259)		(63,259)		
Total non-operating revenue (expenses)	 323,695		323,695		
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	938,737		938,737		
Transfers in	158,141		158,141		
Transfers out	 (1,310,507)		(1,310,507)		
Income (loss) after contributions and transfers	 (1,152,366)		(1,152,366)		
Change in net position	(213,629)		(213,629)		
Total net position - beginning	 6,160,048		6,160,048		
Total net position - ending	\$ 5,946,419	\$	5,946,419		

City of Pelham, Georgia Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Business-type Activities-Enterprise Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Water, Sanitation, Sewer & Gas	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 2,301,109	\$ 2,301,109
Payments to suppliers	(802,127)	(802,127)
Payments to employees	(477,007)	(477,007)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	1,021,975	1,021,975
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Transfers to/from other funds	(1,310,507)	(1,310,507)
NET CASH USED FOR NON-CAPITAL FINANCING		
ACTIVITIES	(1,310,507)	(1,310,507)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Grant proceeds	386,466	386,466
Transfer in from SPLOST	158,141	158,141
Capital Lease Proceeds	63,070	63,070
Change in Due From SPLOST Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(1,038) (652,426)	(1,038) (652,426)
Principal payments on debt	(114,112)	(114,112)
Principal payments on revenue bonds	(31,536)	(31,536)
Interest paid	(63,259)	(63,259)
NET CASH USED FOR CAPITAL AND RELATED		
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(254,694)	(254,694)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest Income	488	488
NET CASH PROVIDED FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	488	488
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(542,738)	(542,738)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	714,799	714,799
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$ 172,061	\$ 172,061

City of Pelham, Georgia Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Business-type Activities-Enterprise Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

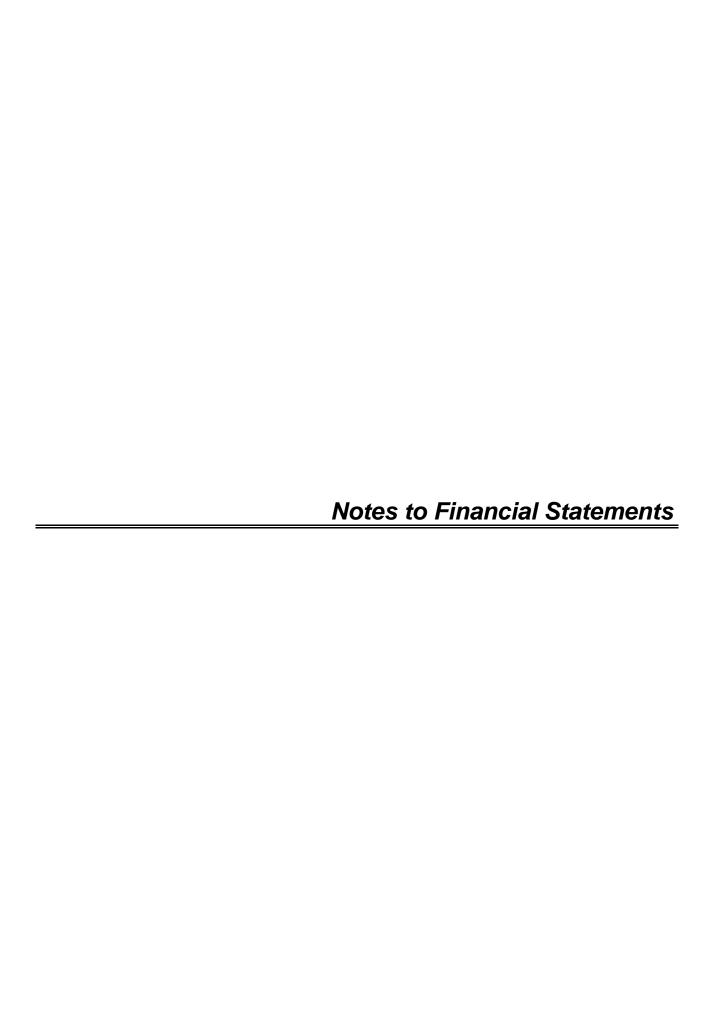
		Water, anitation, wer & Gas	Total
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	S:		
Operating income (loss)	\$	615,042	\$ 615,042
Adjustments to reconcile operating income			
to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation		320,170	320,170
(Increase) decrease in current assets			
Accounts receivable		8,735	8,735
Prepaid expenses		(3,724)	(3,724)
(Decrease) increase in current liabilities			
Accounts payable		78,906	78,906
Accrued liabilities		(780)	(780)
Deposits		3,626	3,626
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	1,021,975	\$ 1,021,975

City of Pelham, Georgia Statement of Net Position Component Units June 30, 2019

		Authority &	Development of Mitchell Co Pelham ber 31, 2018	 Totals Totals
ASSETS				
Cash and Equivalents Notes Receivable	Total assets	\$	43,403 10,298 53,701	\$ 43,403 10,298 53,701
NET POSITION Unrestricted	Total net position	\$	53,701 53,701	\$ 53,701 53,701

City of Pelham, Georgia Statement of Activities Component Units For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

December 31, 2018 Activities:	E	expenses	Ch	Program R , Fines, and arges for ervices	C Gı	ues Operating rants and ntributions	De A	t (Expenses) venues and anges in Net Position Joint evelopment uthority of thcell Co & Pelham	-	Total
Component units:								_		
Joint Development Authority of Mitchell Co & Pelham	\$	409,747	\$	4,925	\$	188,000	\$	(216,822)	\$	(216,822)
Total component units	\$	409,747	\$	4,925	\$	188,000		(216,822)		(216,822)
	Gen	eral Revenu	es:							
		Investment Miscellaneou pecial item -		sale of asset				169 1,355 208,272		169 1,355 208,272
	Tota	al General Re	evenues					209,796		209,796
	Cha	nge in Net P	osition					(7,026)		(7,026)
	Net position - beginning						60,727		60,727	
	Net	position - en	ding				\$	53,701	\$	53,701



I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The City of Pelham was incorporated September 14, 1881, under the laws of the State of Georgia. The City is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and eight-member council, with its fiscal operations monitored by the City Manager. The City provides a range of municipal services as authorized by its Charter including police and fire protection, public works (streets and waste collection), public improvements, water, sanitation, sewer and gas services, telecommunication services and general administrative services. The accompanying financial statements present the City's primary government and component units for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. The discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

Discretely presented component unit. The Joint Development Authority of Mitchell County and Pelham was established by the Mitchell County Board of Commissioner and Mayor and City Council of Pelham on June 18, 2007. The Authority has five members: three of such members shall be appointed by the Mayor and City Council of the City of Pelham, and two of such members shall be appointed by the Board of Commissioners of Mitchell County to serve a three-year staggered term. Although, this unit is a legally separate entity, it is important because the city has a significant financial interest in this unit. The JDA is fiscal year is December 31.

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The City implemented a new reporting model as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board beginning July 1, 2003. The implementation of the new reporting model affects the comparability with all prior years' reports.

The government—wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Changes in Net Position) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component unit. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for service. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from a legally separate component unit for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government–wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash

City of Pelham, Georgia Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectable within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, alcoholic beverage taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The SPLOST Capital Projects Fund is the fund used to account for all special local option sales tax revenues as well as the specifically identified projects for which the SPLOST tax was established.

The CDBG Housing Rehabilitation Capital Project Fund is the fund used to account for grant award draws and expenditures for capital projects.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Water, Sanitation, Sewer and Gas Fund accounts for the activities of the government's water distribution system, sewage treatment plant, sewage pumping station and collection systems.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to November 30, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government—wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments between the government's various funds related to charges resulting from services provided through actual operations. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations.

The principal operating revenue of the proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY

1. Deposits and Investments

State statutes authorize the City and the Authority to invest in obligations of the State of Georgia or other states; obligations issued by the U.S. Government; obligations fully insured or guaranteed by the U.S. Government or by a government agency of the United States; obligations of any corporation of the U.S. Government; prime bankers acceptances; the local government investment pool established by Georgia law; repurchase agreements; and obligations of other political subdivisions of the State of Georgia; and additionally, certificates of deposits, NOW accounts and money market accounts of banks which have deposits insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation; provided, however, that portion of such investment shall be secured by direct obligations of the State of Georgia or the United States which are of a par value equal to 110 percent of funds on deposit at the institution. For the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows, the City considers cash on hand, cash in demand deposits and certificates of deposit to be cash equivalents.

2. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government—wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Property tax receivable and trade accounts receivable in excess of 90 days plus a percentage of receivable balances less than 90 days comprise the allowance for uncollectibles.

Property taxes are levied as of October 31, 2019 on property values assessed as of January 1, 2019. The billing, representing the current year tax levy, was mailed October 31, 2019. The billings are considered past due 90 days after the billing date and penalties and interest are assessed. The applicable property is subject to lien after the billings are 90 days delinquent.

3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in the government–wide and fund financial statements of the proprietary funds. In the fund financial statements governmental funds record items as expenditures when purchased (purchases method) rather than when consumed.

4. Restricted Assets

Portions of the City's assets are subject to restrictions imposed by parties outside the government (such as creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments). Self-imposed restrictions that can be removed as easily as imposed are not considered restrictions for financial reporting purposes; although, restrictions can be imposed by the City's constitutional provisions or by enabling legislation that

are not easily removed. The City would typically use restricted assets first, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserve the right to selectively defer the use thereof to a future project or replacement equipment acquisition.

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government—wide financial statements. The government defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 for vehicles and machinery and more than \$5,000 for all other asset types (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Pursuant to GASB Statement 34, the City is not required to record and depreciate infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, sidewalks, bridges and similar items) acquired before the implementation date became effective. Infrastructure acquired prior to July 1, 2003 has not been recorded for governmental activities. GASB Statement 34 requires the reporting and depreciation of new infrastructure expenditures effective with the beginning of the implementation year (July 1, 2003).

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. The total interest expense incurred by the general government during the current fiscal year was \$145,703. Of these amounts, none were attributable to the cost of capital assets associated with construction projects.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and improvements 40 years
Machinery and equipment 7-10 years
Improvements other than building 20-50 years

6. Compensated Absences

It is the government's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the government does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the government. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government—wide and proprietary fund financial statements. The City's annual leave policy allows an employee to earn and accumulate up to 240 hours. Also, those employees with over ten years of service can accumulate an additional eight hours for each year not to exceed 120 hours, and it will be paid to employees upon separation from City service. In governmental fund types, the cost of vacation benefits is recognized when payments are made to employees. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. The General Fund has been used to liquidate compensated absences, unless associated with a specific proprietary fund in prior years.

7. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental

activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

8. Fund Equity

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as "fund balance." Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as "net position."

Fund Balance – Generally, fund balance represents the difference between the current assets and current liabilities. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Fund balances are classified as follows:

- Nonspendable Fund balances are reported as nonspendable when amounts cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form (i.e., items that are not expected to be converted to cash) or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted Fund balances are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their
 use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions
 imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- Committed Fund balances are reported as committed when they can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City Council through the adoption of a resolution. The City Council also may modify or rescind the commitment.
- Assigned Fund balances are reported as assigned when amounts are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Through resolution, the City Council has authorized the City's finance committee or the City's finance director to assign fund balances.
- Unassigned Fund balances are reported as unassigned as the residual amount when the balances do not meet any of the above criterion. The City reports positive unassigned fund balance only in the general fund. Negative unassigned fund balance may be reported in all funds.

Flow Assumptions – When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the City's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the City's policy to use fund balance in the following order:

- Committed
- Assigned
- Unassigned

Net Position – Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used (i.e., the amount that the City has spent) for the acquisition,

construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted as described in the fund balance section above. All other net position is reported as unrestricted.

The City applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

9. Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Property taxes of \$77,848 is listed as unavailable and is deferred to be recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Budgets are adopted for the General Fund, Special Revenue and the proprietary funds on an annual basis. The budgets for the General and Special Revenue Funds are adopted on a cash plus 30 days basis, which is not consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Project-length budgets are adopted for the Capital Projects Fund. Budgets are prepared for the proprietary funds as a management control device; (non-GAAP) hybrid basis of accounting is used in preparing the proprietary fund budgets. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

The budget is prepared and submitted by the City Manager to the administrative committee for their consideration and approval prior to presentation to the full Council for adoption, which is required prior to commencement of the ensuing fiscal year. After the budget requests have been reviewed, a public hearing is held for public comment. After the public hearing, a budget ordinance is adopted by the Mayor and Council. The City's policy for the legal level of budgetary control is at the individual department level. Only the Mayor and Council can amend the annual budget at the department level. Amendments that change the composition within a departmental budget can occur with the authorization of the City Manager.

Original budgeted amounts for the year ended June 30, 2019, were adopted by the City Council on June 12, 2018.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

All bank balances of deposits as of the balance sheet date are entirely insured or collateralized with securities held by the City or by its agent in the City's behalf.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. All the City's deposits are covered by a combination of federal depository insurance and securities pledged by financial institutions as collateral to protect the deposits of the City as required under state law. Therefore, the City has no custodial credit risk for its deposits.

B. RECEIVABLES

All trade and property taxes receivables are shown net of allowance for uncollectibles.

The City entered into a reimbursement agreement with James Workman to extend gas lines to his Chicken Houses. Total expense agreement was \$67,000. Mr. Workman was to pay \$42,000 prior to construction and \$458 a month for five years at an interest rate of 3.8%. Payments started March 2016. The receivable on this agreement at June 30, 2019 was \$8,865.

C. CAPITAL ASSETS

Primary Governme	ent
------------------	-----

Governmental activities:	Beginning Balance	Increase	Decrease	Transfers	Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated Land Construction in progress	\$ 541,113 801,214	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - (801,214)	\$ 541,113
Total captial assets not being depreciated	1,342,327			(801,214)	541,113
Capital assets, being depreciated Buildings Improvements, other than buildings Machinery and equipment	3,469,685 3,582,318 2,062,492	225,040 150,155	- - -	801,214 	3,469,685 4,608,572 2,212,647
Total captial assets, being depreciated	9,114,495	375,195	_	801,214	10,290,904
Less accumulated depreciation for Buildings Improvements, other than buildings Machinery and equipment	(1,305,433) (1,363,941) (1,182,397)	(77,879) (113,620) (114,614)	- - -	- - -	(1,383,312) (1,477,561) (1,297,011)
Total accumulated depreciation	(3,851,771)	(306,113)			(4,157,884)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	5,262,724	69,082		801,214	6,133,020
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 6,605,051	\$ 69,082	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,674,133
Business-type activities	Beginning Balance	Increase	Decreas	e Transfe	Ending r Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated Land Construction in progress	\$ 673,651 205,629		- \$ -	- \$ - (205,6	- \$ 673,651 (29)
Total captial assets not being depreciated	879,280		-	- (205,6	673,651
Capital assets, being depreciated Buildings Improvements, other than buildings Machinery and equipment	62,343 11,566,542 980,857	488,31		- - 205,6 -	- 62,343 129 12,260,484 - 1,144,970
Total captial assets, being depreciated	12,609,742	652,42	6	- 205,6	13,467,797
Less accumulated depreciation for Buildings Improvements, other than buildings Machinery and equipment	(41,248 (5,852,983 (236,640	(231,41	1)	- - -	- (42,374) - (6,084,394) - (324,273)
Total accumulated depreciation	(6,130,871) (320,17	0)	_	- (6,451,041)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	6,478,871	332,25	6	<u>-</u> 205,6	7,016,756
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 7,358,151	\$ 332,25	6 \$	- \$	- \$ 7,690,407

City of Pelham, Georgia Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmenal activities:		
General government	\$	53,160
Public safety		71,318
Public works		92,931
Health and welfare		56,365
Culture and recreation		30,347
Housing and Development		1,992
Takal danna dakina annan anan anan antah ankiriki a	Φ.	200 440
Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	<u> </u>	306,113
Business-type activities:		
Water	\$	227,672
Sewer		84,332
Gas		8,166
Total depreciation expanse business type activities	ď	220 170
Total depreciation expense-business-type activities	\$	320,170

Depreciation expense of \$34,468 for Governmental and \$22,507 for Business-type for assets acquired through capital leases for the year ended June 30, 2019 is included in current year depreciation expense.

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	 ernmental ctivities	Business-type Activities	
Leased Assets:	 		
Buildings	\$ 397,665	\$	235,579
Less: accumulated depreciation	(70,246)		(47,860)
Total	\$ 327,419	\$	187,719

D. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2019, is as follows:

Due to/from other funds:

	nd Receivable ue From)		nd Payable ue To)
Governmental Funds General Fund SPLOST Capital Project Fund CDBG 17 SPLOST Capital Project Fund	\$ 10 2,218 - -		\$ 2,218 - 10 1,038
Sub-total Governmental Funds	2,228		3,266
Proprietary Funds Water, Sanitation, Sewer and Gas Fund	1,038		
Sub-total Proprietary Funds	1,038		
Totals	\$ 3,266	: :	\$ 3,266
Governmenal fund receivables-Major Funds Governmenal fund payables-Major Funds	\$	2,228 (3,266)	
Internal balances - Statement of Net Position	\$	(1,038)	
Proprietary fund receivables-Major Funds	\$	1,038	
Internal balances - Statement of Net Position	\$	1,038	

Due to/from balances between General Fund and CDBG are for starting a checkbook.

Due to/from balances between General Fund and SPLOST are for unqualified debt payments.

Due to/from balances between Proprietary Funds and SPLOST are for qualified debt payments.

Interfund transfers:

Transfer Out	Ge	eneral Fund	Transfer In Major Enterprise- Water, Sanitation, Sewer and Gas			Total	
SPLOST Capital Projects Fund Major - Enterprise Funds - Water, Sanitation, Sewer and Gas	\$	1,310.507	\$	158,141	\$	158,141	
Totals	\$	1,310,507	\$	158,141	\$	1,468,648	

Transfers from the SPLOST Fund in the amount of \$158,141 were for capital expenditures moved to the Water, Sanitation, Sewer & Gas Fund.

All other transfers were for normal operating expenses.

E. LONG-TERM DEBT

Operating Leases

The City leases equipment under noncancelable leases and has a total of two operating leases at June 30, 2019.

The City of Pelham, GA has one operating lease with John Deere for a 2016 John Deere 310SL Backhoe Loader to be used in Highways & Streets Department. Total cost for leases were \$7,021 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

The City of Pelham, GA has one operating lease with Balboa Capital for Police Cameras to be used in Police Department. Total cost for lease was \$11,174 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

The future minimum lease payments for these leases are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	B	Backhoe		ameras
2020	\$	7,021	\$	10,832
2021		58,050		10,832
2022		-		10,832
2023				5,417
	\$	65,071	\$	37,913

Capital Leases

Governmental Activities

The City entered into a lease on October 20, 2016 with Ford Credit. The lease is secured by three F250's with an original balance of \$78,483. At June 30, 2019, the balance of the lease outstanding was \$26,263.

The City entered into a lease on March 28, 2017 with BB&T. The lease is secured by four Dodge Chargers with an original balance of \$140,000. At June 30, 2019, the balance of the lease outstanding was \$80,485.

The City entered into a lease on August 29, 2017 with John Deere. The lease is secured by a Mowing Tractor with an original balance of \$40,720. At June 30, 2019, the balance of the lease outstanding was \$32,569.

The City entered into a lease on March 29, 2018 with BB&T. The lease is secured by Lighting with an original balance of \$115,975. At June 30, 2019, the balance of the lease outstanding was \$89,413.

The City entered into a lease on April 12, 2018 with BB&T. The lease is secured by a Dodge Ram 2500 with an original balance of \$29,615. At June 30, 2019, the balance of the lease outstanding was \$23,309.

The City entered into a lease on June 28, 2018 with John Deere. The lease is secured by three John Deere 960M ZTrak mowers with an original balance of \$25,365. At June 30, 2019, the balance of the lease outstanding was \$9,529.

Capital Lease debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	F	Principal		nterest
2020	\$	93,555	\$	10,124
2021		73,052		6,051
2022		62,191		2,929
2023		32,770		717
	\$	261,568	\$	19,821

Business-type Activities

The City entered into a lease on October 20, 2016 with Ford Credit. The lease is secured by two F250's with an original balance of \$54,050. At June 30, 2019, the balance of the lease outstanding was \$18,087.

The City entered into a lease on August 2, 2016 with Bancorp. The lease is secured by a John Deere Backhoe Loader with an original balance of \$74,895. At June 30, 2019, the balance of the lease outstanding was \$55,570.

The City entered into a lease on April 12, 2018 with BB&T. The lease is secured by a (2) Dodge Ram 1500s and a John Deere Gator with an original balance of \$73,385. At June 30, 2019, the balance of the lease outstanding was \$57,759.

The City entered into a lease on August 22, 2018 with Deere Credit. The lease is secured by an Excavator with an original balance of \$63,070. At June 30, 2019, the balance of the lease outstanding was \$59,101.

Year Ending June 30	F	Principal		nterest
2020	\$	39,808	\$	7,629
2021		30,248		5,938
2022		61,376		4,124
2023		18,496		2,868
2024		40,589		400
	\$	190,517	\$	20,959

Revenue Bonds

Governmental Activities

On May 5, 2016, the City issued \$2,240,000 of 2016A and 2016B Series Revenue Bonds for the purpose of consolidating debt. The City had to pay issuance cost of \$54,827 which has been fully expensed in accordance with GASB 65.

Year Ending June 30	 Principal		Interest
2020	\$ 115,000	\$	115,738
2021	100,000		108,981
2022	105,000		103,106
2023	110,000		96,938
2024-2028	660,000		379,819
2029-2033	 880,000		161,562
	<u> </u>		
	\$ 1,970,000	\$	966,144

Business-type Activities

The government also issues bonds where the government pledges income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service. The proceeds of the 1993A and 1993B Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds were used for the purpose of expanding the Water and Sewer system to provide additional services to new customers.

Revenue bonds outstanding at year-end are as follows:

\$1,025,000 Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, series 1993A, due in annual installments of varying amounts from January 11, 1994, through January 11, 2033, interest at 5%.

\$ 591,337

\$100,000 Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, series 1993B, due in annual installments of varying amounts from January 11, 1994, through January 11, 2033, interest at 5%.

57,697

Total Revenue Bonds

\$ 649,034

Revenue bond debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year ending June 30,	Principal	Interest
2020	\$ 33,113	\$ 32,452
2021	34,769	30,796
2022	36,507	29,058
2023	38,333	27,232
2024-2028	222,404	105,421
2029-2033	283,908	43,975
Totals	\$ 649,034	\$ 268,934

Notes Payable

Governmental Activities

The City entered into a note on May 18, 2016 with Ford Credit. The note is secured by a 2015 F150 with an original balance of \$33,217. At June 30, 2019, the balance of the lease outstanding was \$7,494.

The City entered into a note on November 10, 2015 with Family Bank. The note is secured by the (4) Dodge Chargers with an original balance of \$147,300. This note was refinanced and consolidated with a short term note on December 8, 2017.

The City refinanced and consolidated two loans on December 8, 2017 with Family Bank. The note is secured by (5) Dodge Chargers with a new original balance of \$89,368. At June 30, 2019, the balance of the note outstanding was \$63,370.

The City entered into a note on June 27, 2016 with Curley's & Associates, Inc. The note was to purchase property with a value of \$76,629 in exchange for a note payable and property tax forgiveness. The original note balance of \$33,654 was secured at 0% interest with payments to start July 2016 at \$1,000 monthly. At June 30, 2019, the balance of the note outstanding was \$0.

Notes payable debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Principal		Interest			
2020	·	\$	25,072		\$	2,404
2021			18,547			1,493
2022			18,601			749
2023			8,644			95
		\$	70,864		\$	4,741

Business-type Activities

The City established a note on January 31, 2003 with the Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority for \$462,640 bearing interest at 0%. The debt was used for the construction of a water tank. Seventy-eight quarterly payments of \$5,931 are due beginning July 1, 2005. At June 30, 2019, the balance of the note outstanding was \$130,489.

The City established a note on July 31, 2008 with the Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority for an amount up to \$949,240 bearing interest at 4.10%. The debt was used for the build of an additional sprayfield. Two-hundred and forty-five monthly payments of \$3,881 are due beginning May 1, 2010. At June 30, 2019, the balance of the note outstanding was \$406,843.

The City established a note on March 27, 2018 with the Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority for an amount up to \$504,293 bearing interest at .89%. The debt was used for the replacement of water meters. Two-hundred and forty-five monthly payments of \$2,283 are due beginning June 1, 2018. At June 30, 2019, the balance of the note outstanding was \$479,214.

Notes payable debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest
2020	\$ 76,879	\$ 20,820
2021	78,314	19,385
2022	79,801	17,898
2023	81,343	16,356
2024-2028	348,841	56,619
2029-2033	216,958	20,955
2034-2038	134,410	3,229
	\$ 1,016,546	\$ 155,262

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance	One Year
Governmental activities					
Capital leases payable	\$ 354,019	\$ -	\$ (92,451)	\$ 261,568	\$ 93,555
Revenue bonds	2,075,000	-	(105,000)	1,970,000	115,000
Notes payable	103,234	-	(32,370)	70,864	25,072
Compensated absences	56,444	49,339	(28,801)	76,982	
Total long-term liabilties-					
Governmental Activities	\$ 2,588,697	\$ 49,339	\$ (258,622)	\$ 2,379,414	\$ 233,627
Business-type activities					
Capital leases payable	\$ 165,436	\$ 63,070	\$ (37,989)	\$ 190,517	\$ 39,808
Revenue bonds	680,570	-	(31,537)	649,033	33,113
Notes payable	1,092,668	-	(76,122)	1,016,546	76,879
Compensated absences	6,995	7,009	(5,313)	8,691	
Total long-term liabilties-					
Business-type Activities	\$ 1,945,669	\$ 70,079	\$ (150,961)	\$ 1,864,787	\$ 149,800

F. RESTRICTED ASSETS

General Fund. Specific general funds are required to be segregated as to use and are therefore identified as restricted assets.

The City of Pelham, Georgia's General Fund Revenue Bond ordinance requires the establishment of a Sinking Fund to provide for the accumulation of resources to retire the General Fund Revenue Bonds. The funding for the retirement of the bonds is provided partially from the 2012 and 2018 SPLOST Referendum's and from operations. The balance in the Sinking Fund at June 30, 2019 is \$0.

Liabilities payable from restricted assets:

Current portion of bonds payable	\$ 115,000
Interest payable	115,738
Total liabilities payable from restricted assets	\$ 230,738

Enterprise Funds. Specific enterprise funds are required to be segregated as to use and are therefore identified as restricted assets.

The City of Pelham, Georgia's Water and Sewer Revenue Bond ordinance requires the establishment of a Sinking Fund to provide for the accumulation of resources to retire the Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds. The funding for the retirement of the bonds is provided from the operations of the Water and Sewer operations. The balance in the Sinking Fund at June 30, 2019 is \$30,246.

Liabilities payable from restricted assets: Current portion of bonds payable Interest payable		33,113 32,452
Total liabilities payable from restricted assets	\$	65,565

IV. SPECIAL ITEM - SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the City sold capital assets, which are transactions the City considers infrequent in occurrence. The City has reported these transactions as special items in the government-wide financial statements as required by GASB 34, paragraph 56.

The transactions consisted of the disposition of four Military Field Kitchen Trailers and miscellaneous small equipment.

V. OTHER INFORMATION

A. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters, for which the City carries commercial insurance. The basis for estimating the liabilities for unpaid claims is "IBNR" established by an actuary.

The City has not compiled a record of the claims paid up to the applicable deductible for the prior or current fiscal year. The City is aware of one claim, which the City could be liable for which was outstanding and unpaid at June 30, 2019. The City has entered into a settlement agreement pending the final approval by the Court, which is resulting in a relatively small payment above the coverage amount in addition to the deductible and attorney fee. No provisions have been made in the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2019 for any estimate of potential unpaid claims.

B. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Grants:

The City participates in Federal and State-assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantor or its representative. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Litigation:

The City Attorney represented that there is no pending or threatened litigation against the City, and additionally, there are no unasserted claims or assessments.

Intergovernmental Agreement:

On July 1, 2007, the City entered into an agreement with Mitchell County and The Joint Development Authority of Mitchell County and Pelham upon which the City pledged an annual sum not to exceed the equivalent of 2.5 mills of the ad valorem tax levied by Pelham on the real property within its boundaries with said payment or payments to be made <u>only</u> if the income generated by the operation of the Hand Trading Company Building by the JDA is not sufficient to service the debt secured by the Hand Trading Company Building property. The original amount of this note was 2 million dollars and revenues were not sufficient to make the payments for the 2018 fiscal year.

C. JOINT VENTURES

Southwest Georgia Regional Commission. The City of Pelham, in conjunction with cities and counties in the fourteen (14) county Southwest Georgia area, is a member of the Southwest Georgia Regional Commission (RC). Membership in an RC is automatic for each municipality and county in the state. The

Official Code of Georgia Section 50-8-34 (Georgia Planning Act of 1989) provides for the organizational structure of the RCs. Each county and municipality in the state is required by law to pay minimum annual dues to the RC. The RC Board membership includes the chief elected official of each county and the chief elected official of each municipality. The County Board members and Municipal Board members from the same county elect one member of the Board who is a resident (but not an elected or appointed official or employee of the county or municipality) to serve as the non-public Board member from a county.

The Georgia Planning Act of 1989 (O.C.G.A. 50-8-34) defines RCs as "public agencies and instrumentalities of their members." Georgia laws also provide that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of an RC beyond its resources. (O.C.G.A. 50-8-39)

Separate financial statements may be obtained: Southwest Georgia Regional Commission, P.O. Box 346, 30 West Broad Street, Camilla, Georgia 31730-0346.

D. RELATED ORGANIZATIONS

The City's officials are also responsible for appointing the members of the boards of other organizations; however, the City's accountability for the organizations does not extend beyond making appointments. The City Council appoints board members to the Housing Authority and the Library Board.

E. PENSION PLAN

Plan Description. The City contributes to the Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System (GMEBS), an agent multiple employer public retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for cities, counties, authorities and agencies in the State of Georgia. The plan is also a defined benefit plan. Regular, full-time employees who work at least 30 hours per week may participate in the plan after completion of one year of continuous service. Normal retirement age is 65, provided the employee has at least 5 years of credited service. Early retirement is permitted between ages 55 and 65 provided the employee has at least 10 years of credited service. City employees who retire at or after normal retirement age with ten years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit payable for life. The monthly benefit is determined by first calculating the employee's average monthly earnings from the consecutive 5-year period prior to retirement in which earnings are the highest. The sum of 1% of the average monthly earnings which are less than or equal to the amount for covered compensation for the employee's year of birth and 1.75% of average monthly earnings in excess of the covered compensation is multiplied by the number of years of credited service at retirement age to calculate the dollar value of the monthly retirement benefit.

Also, the pension plan provides for death benefits and disability benefits. These benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statute and City ordinance obligations to contribute are established by Council resolutions; amendments to the plan must also be authorized by resolution of the Council. Employees are not required to contribute to the plan. The Georgia Municipal Benefits System issues a publicly available financial report, which may be obtained by contacting The Burgess Building in Atlanta, Georgia.

The funding policy for the plan is to contribute an amount equal to the recommended contribution each year. The recommended contribution meets the guidelines for calculating an annual required contribution set forth in Paragraphs 9-10 of Statement No. 27. These contributions are determined under the entry age normal actuarial cost method and the asset valuation method for developing the actuarial value of assets. The period, and related method, for amortizing the initial unfunded actuarial accrued liability is 30 years from 1981 and current changes in the unfunded actuarial accrued liability over 15 years for actuarial gains and losses, 20 years for plan provisions and 30 years for actuarial assumptions and cost methods as a level dollar amount. These amortization periods, if applicable, are closed for this plan year.

Net Investment Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The difference between the resulting rate and the rate on the ongoing basis is a margin for adverse deviation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of March 31, 2017 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	45.00%	6.40%
International equity	20.00%	7.40%
Real estate	10.00%	5.10%
Global fixed income	5.00%	3.03%
Domestic fixed income	20.00%	1.75%
Cash	0.00%	
Total	100.00%	

Rate of Return: 7.50% On-going basis, based on long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments.

Significant actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2019, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

The significant actuarial assumptions used in the current valuation, as of January 1, 2019 are:

Net Investment Rate of Return	7.50 % per year
Projected Salary Increases	2.75 % plus service based merit increases
Cost of living adjustment	2.75%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table with sex-distinct rates, set forward two years for males and one year for females. The RP-2000 mortality tables were determined to contain sufficient provision appropriate to reasonable reflect future mortality improvement, based on a four-year review of mortality experience for the period January 1, 2010 to June 30, 2014. Mortality experience will be reviewed periodically and updated if necessary.

Net Pension Liability. The components of the net pension liability of participating entities were as follows:

	 otal Pension Liability (a)	 duciary Net Position (b)	Net P	ension Liability (a)-(b)
Balances at September 30, 2017 *	\$ 3,929,088	\$ 3,165,226	\$	763,862
Changes for the year:				
Service Cost	60,374	-		60,374
Interest	290,928	-		290,928
Difference Between expected and				
actual expenses	161,054	-		161,054
Employer Contributions	-	144,684		(144,684)
Employee Contributions	-	-		-
Net Investment Income	-	310,634		(310,634)
Benefit Payments	(220,852)	(220,852)		-
Administrative Expense	-	(15,247)		15,247
Other Changes	 <u>-</u>	 		<u>-</u>
Net Changes	291,504	 219,219		72,285
Balances at September 30, 2018 **	\$ 4,220,592	\$ 3,384,445	\$	836,147

^{*}Entry Age Normal liabilities calculated using ages and service amounts as of January 1, 2018 are used to measure TPL as of September 30, 2017. The balances as of September 30, 2017 constitute measurements of the NPL for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from Plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current Plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

Sensitivity of the Net			
Pension Liability to		Current Discount	
Changes in the Discount	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
Rate	6.50%	7.50%	8.50%
	\$ 1,358,544	\$ 836,147	\$ 399,082

^{**}Entry Age Normal liabilities calculated using ages and service amounts as of January 1, 2019 are used to measure TPL as of September 30, 2018. The balances as of September 30, 2018 constitute measurements of the NPL for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019.

Pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2019

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflow of Resources Related to **Pensions**

Service Cost	\$ 60,374
Interest on TPL	290,928
Employee contributions	-
Administrative cost	15,247
Expected return on assets	(233,964)
Expensed portion of current year period differences between expected	
and actual expenrience in TPL	40,262

Expensed portion of current year period assumption change Current year plan changes

Expensed portion of current year period differences between projected and actual investment earnings (15,334)

Current year recognition of deferred inflows and outflows established in prior years (15,185)Total expense 142,328

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Projected recognition of deferred outflows/(inflows)

,	Year Established	Outstanding Balance at July 1, 2018		R Durii	Amount ecognized ng FYE June 30, 2019	Outstanding Balance at June 30, 2019		
Fiscal Year Outflows Total Outflows		\$	361,639	\$	124,877	\$	236,762	
Fiscal Year Inflows Total Inflows		\$	(376,015)	\$	(115,134)	\$	(260,881)	
Total		\$	(14,376)	\$	9,743	\$	(24,119)	

Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) Recognized in Future Years

	2020		2021		2022		2023	
Fiscal Year Outflows Total Outflows	\$	124,879	\$	71,619	\$	40,264	\$	<u>-</u>
Fiscal Year Inflows Total Inflows	\$	(94,521)	\$	(94,521)	\$	(56,505)	\$	(15,334)
Total	\$	30,358	\$	(22,902)	\$	(16,241)	\$	(15,334)

The following chart shows historical funding information on the basis used for determining contribution requirements. This funding information is based on the actuarial value of assets and the actuarial accrued liability, which includes projected increases in salaries not reflected on the previous measurements of funding status. If the chart were based on the market value of assets instead of the actuarial value of assets, the funded ratios would differ.

Funding History

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded/(Surplus) AAL (UAAL) (b) - (a)	Funded Ratio (a) / (b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll* [(b) - (a)] / (c)
3/1/2010	\$ 2,936,641	\$ 3,044,428	\$ 107,787	96.46%	\$ 1,309,991	8.23%
1/1/2011	2,999,550	3,305,975	306,425	90.73%	1,422,615	21.54%
1/1/2012	2,849,749	3,454,230	604,481	82.50%	1,384,487	43.66%
1/1/2013	2,844,847	3,568,311	723,464	79.73%	1,282,033	56.43%
1/1/2014	2,958,336	3,675,520	717,184	80.49%	1,165,752	61.52%
1/1/2015	2,939,206	3,509,569	570,363	83.75%	1,252,459	45.54%
1/1/2016	2,902,541	3,328,935	426,394	87.19%	731,207	58.31%
1/1/2017	3,017,875	3,471,175	453,300	86.94%	871,718	52.00%
1/1/2018	3,166,610	3,594,514	427,904	88.10%	1,075,865	39.77%
1/1/2019	3,316,781	3,851,012	534,231	86.13%	1,202,451	44.43%

^{*} Not less than zero

Table of Plan Coverage as of Valuation Date

Category	Jan	uary 1, 2019	Jan	uary 1, 2018	Change From Prior Year
Active participants in valuation					_
Number of employees		37		34	8.8%
Number of elected officials		8		8	0.0%
Average age		48.0		47.3	N/A
Average service		8.6		8.4	N/A
Total valuation payroll	\$	1,202,451	\$	1,075,865	11.8%
Average valuation payroll		32,499		31,643	2.7%
Account balances		N/A		N/A	N/A
Total active vested participants		19		18	5.6%
Vested terminated participants		20		20	0.0%
Retired participants					_
Number in pay status		34		35	-2.9%
Average age		74.8		74.5	N/A
Average monthly benefit	\$	480	\$	469	2.3%
Disabled participants					
Number in pay status		1		1	0.0%
Average age		59.0		58.0	N/A
Average monthly benefit	\$	290	\$	283	2.5%
Beneficiaries		10		9	11.1%

Participant Population: 2009-2018

			Retired	
		Vested	Participants	Ratio of Non-
	Active	Terminated	and	Actives to
Year Ended	<u>Participants</u>	Participants	Beneficiaries	Actives
12/31/2009	63	14	40	0.86
12/31/2010	62	14	42	0.90
12/31/2011	60	14	43	0.95
12/31/2012	51	13	46	1.16
12/31/2013	45	15	45	1.33
12/31/2014	49	16	43	1.20
12/31/2015	29	18	42	2.07
12/31/2016	33	19	45	1.94
12/31/2017	42	20	45	1.55
12/31/2018	45	20	45	1.44

F. HOTEL/MOTEL LODGING TAX

The City of Pelham has levied a 5% lodging tax. A summary of the transactions for the year ending June 30, 2019 follows:

Lodging tax receipts

\$ 30,678

Lodging tax receipts	\$ 30,678
Disbursement to promote tourism and economic development. Disbursement for other purposes	(12,271) (18,407)
Balance of lodging tax funds on hand at end of the year	\$ -

The city expended 40% of these taxes received during the year to promote tourism and economic development within the city. The other 60% was used for other purposes.

G. FUND EQUITY

Fund Balances:

• Unassigned – The following fund balances are unassigned:

General Fund		
Fund Balance	_\$	168,825
Total	\$	168,825

VI. COMPONENT UNIT-JOINT DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF MITCHELL COUNTY AND PELHAM

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The Joint Development Authority of Mitchell County and Pelham was established by the Mitchell County Board of Commissioner and Mayor and City Council of Pelham on June 18, 2007. The Authority has five members: three of such members shall be appointed by the Mayor and City Council of the City of Pelham, and two of such members shall be appointed by the Board of Commissioners of Mitchell County to serve a three-year staggered term. Although, this unit is a legally separate entity, it is important because the city has a significant financial interest in this unit. The JDA is fiscal year is December 31.

The Authority is presented in the City's financial statements as a discretely presented component unit. Financial statements may be obtained at the offices of the City of Pelham, Georgia.

B. CAPITAL ASSETS

Governmental activities:	Balance	Increase	Decrease	Balance
Capital assets, being depreciated Buildings & Building Improvements Machinery and equipment	\$ 2,987,731 13,775	\$ - -	\$ 2,987,731 13,775	\$ - -
Total captial assets, being depreciated	3,001,506		3,001,506	
Less accumulated depreciation for Buildings & Building Improvements Machinery and equipment	(876,955) (7,280)	(134,316) (1,378)	(1,011,271) (8,658)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(884,235)	(135,694)	(1,019,929)	
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	2,117,271	(135,694)	1,981,577	
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 2,117,271	\$ (135,694)	\$ 1,981,577	\$ -

Buildings are depreciated over 40 years.

C. LONG-TERM DEBT

The Authority established a note November 21, 2007 with Pelham Banking Company for \$2,200,000 bearing interest at 6.0%. The debt was used to fund the renovation improvements on the Hand Trading Co building. The Authority is to make 46 semi-annual payments of \$89,427 due beginning December 2007. At December 31, 2018 the balance of the note outstanding was \$0.

The Authority established a note December 1, 2007 with One Georgia for \$500,000 bearing interest at 0%. The debt was used to fund the renovation improvements on the Hand Trading Co building. The Authority is to make 80 quarterly payments of \$6,414 due beginning December 2007. This note was modified on August 22, 2012.

The Authority modified a note on August 22, 2012 with One Georgia for \$461,842 bearing interest at 0%. The Authority is to make 112 quarterly payments of \$4,124 due beginning October 1, 2013. At December 31, 2018, the balance of the note outstanding was \$0.

The Authority established a note November 2007 with The City of Pelham, GA for \$235,000. The debt was used to fund the renovation improvements on the Hand Trading Co building. The Authority is to make 46 semi-annual payments of \$89,427 due beginning December 2007. At December 31, 2018, the balance of the note outstanding was \$0.

Notes payable debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

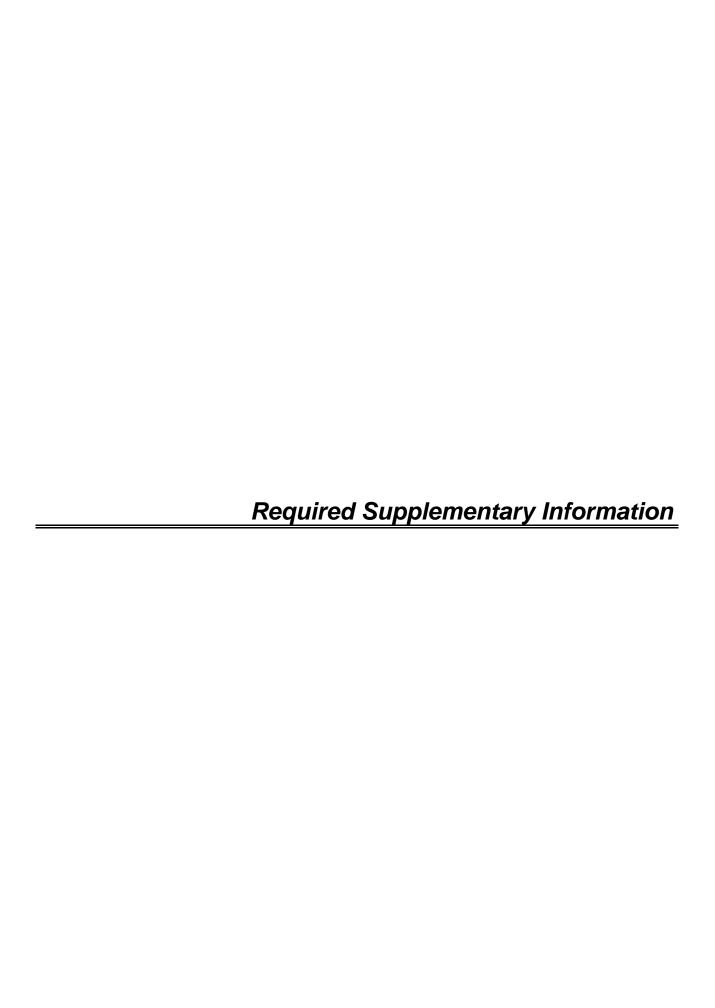
Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2018 are as follows:

	Beginning Balance Additions Deletions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year			
Component Unit								
Pelham Banking Company	\$ 1,552,214	\$	-	\$ (1,552,214)	\$	-	\$	-
One Georgia	369,200		-	(369,200)		-		-
City of Pelham, Georgia	235,000			(235,000)	-			
Total long-term liabilties-								
Governmental Activities	\$ 2,156,414	\$		\$ (2,156,414)	\$		\$	

D. SPECIAL ITEM - SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS

During the year ended December 31, 2018, the Authority sold capital assets, which are transactions the Authority considers infrequent in occurrence. The Authority has reported these transactions as special items in the government-wide financial statements as required by GASB 34, paragraph 56.

The transactions consisted of the disposition of the Hand Trading Building and miscellaneous kitchen equipment.



	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes Property Franchise	\$ 857,500 46,416	\$ 857,500 46,416	\$ 744,123 198,947	\$ (113,377) 152,531
Alcoholic Beverage	105,000	105,000	109,397	4,397
Insurance Premium Intangible	264,000 151,000	264,000 151,000	279,389 5,363	15,389 (145,637)
Financial Institution	13,500	13,500	12,795	(705)
Sales and Miscellaneous Taxes	-	-	25,159	25,159
Fees and Fines Licenses and Permits	600,000 60,500	600,000 60,500	598,509 71,609	(1,491) 11,109
Intergovernmental	197,041	197,041	79,664	(117,377)
Charges for Services	· -	-	-	-
Contributions & Donations from Private Sources	120 400	120 400	1,220	1,220
Miscellaneous	130,400	130,400	260,867	130,467
TOTAL REVENUES	2,425,357	2,425,357	2,387,042	(38,315)
EXPENDITURES				
General Government	50.400	04.470	04.400	25
Legislative Financial	58,100 1,421,115	64,173 1,416,915	64,138 1,104,317	35 312,598
Buildings		4,894	4,867	27
Total General Government	1,479,215	1,485,982	1,173,322	312,660
Public Safety				
Police	1,314,901	1,433,649	1,383,872	49,777
Fire Total Public Safety	357,283 1,672,184	422,191 1,855,840	422,155 1,806,027	<u>36</u> 49,813
Public Works		,,-	,,-	
Highway and Streets Solid Waste Collection	827,839 -	827,839 3	644,813 3	183,026
Maintenance and Shop		139,602	139,570	32
Total Public Works	827,839	967,444	784,386	183,058
Culture and Recreation		20.222	00.040	0.050
Recreation Parks	-	29,669 18,001	23,610 16,993	6,059 1,008
Total Culture and Recreation		47,670	40,603	7,067
Housing and Development				
Code Enforcement	-	63,890	63,868	22
Economic Development and Assistance Total Housing and Development		27,332 91,222	27,290 91,158	<u>42</u> 64
TOTAL EXPENDITURES - ALL DEPARTMENTS	3,979,238	4,448,158	3,895,491	552,667
Net Excess before Transfers	(1.553.881)	(2,022,801)	(1.508,449)	514.352
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers (Out)	997,089	997,089	1,313,102 (2,595)	316,013 (2,595)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	997,089	997,089	1,310,507	313,418
SPECIAL ITEMS				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	300,000	300,000	5,327	(294,673)
Total Special Items'	300,000	300,000	5,327	(294,673)
Net Excess (Deficit)	(256,792)	(725,712)	(192,615)	533,097
Fund balances - beginning of the year (GAAP basis)	399,280	399,280	399,280	
Fund balances - end of the year (budgetary basis)	\$ 142,488	\$ (326,432)	206,665	\$ 533,097
Adjustment for basis differences			(37,840)	_
Fund balances - end of the year GAAP Basis			\$ 168,825	

Note A - Explanation of Differences between Revenues, Expenditures and Other Financing Sources (Uses) for Budgetary Funds on a Budgetary Basis and GAAP General Fund on a GAAP Basis

Financial Statements General Fund:	Ge	eneral Fund
Revenues Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "revenues" from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$	2,387,042
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances- general fund	\$	2,387,042
Expenditures		
Adjustments:		
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "expenditures" from the budgetary comparison schedules	\$	3,895,491
Adjustments:		
The City budgets for expenditures on the cash plus 30 days basis of accounting rather than all accounts payables that would be recognized using the modified accrual basis of accounting.		37,840
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances-general fund	\$	3,933,331
Other financing sources		
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "other financing sources and uses" from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$	1,310,507
Total other financing sources and uses as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance - general fund.	\$	1,310,507

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

	 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015
Service cost Interest Differerences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumption Changes in benefit terms Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Net change in total pension liability Total Pension Liability as of beginning Total Pension Liability as of ending (a)	\$ 60,374 290,928 161,054 - (220,852) 291,504 3,929,088 4,220,592	\$ 52,377 284,104 125,419 (80,703) - (235,935) 145,262 3,783,826 3,929,088	\$ 43,686 271,475 78,341 - (225,164) 168,338 3,615,488 3,783,826	\$ 93,496 280,881 (268,694) - (228,938) (123,255) 3,738,743 3,615,488	\$ 112,780 288,316 (187,773) (930,031) (70,126) (234,396) (1,021,230) 4,759,973 3,738,743
Employer contributions Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employer contributions Administrative expense Other Net Change in fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 144,684 310,634 (220,852) (15,247) - 219,219 3,165,226 3,384,445	\$ 169,966 421,651 (235,935) (15,856) - 339,826 2,825,400 3,165,226	\$ 150,000 289,059 (225,164) (9,772) - 204,123 2,621,277 2,825,400	\$ 15,800 40,345 (228,938) (11,364) - (184,157) 2,805,434 2,621,277	\$ 18,974 305,522 (234,396) (9,403) - 80,697 2,724,737 2,805,434
Net Pension Liability - ending: (a)-(b)	\$ 836,147	\$ 763,862	\$ 958,426	\$ 994,211	\$ 933,309
Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	80.19%	80.56%	74.67%	72.50%	75.04%
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,202,451	\$ 1,075,865	\$ 871,718	\$ 731,207	\$ 1,252,459
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	69.5%	71.0%	110.0%	136.0%	74.5%

Note: This schedule will present 10 year of information once the data is available.

City of Pelham, Georgia Required Supplementary Information - Pension Plan June 30, 2019

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially	*	\$ 142,922	\$ 134,235	\$ 183,915	\$ 195,053
determined contribution	*	142,922	135,235	* 150,000	15,800
Contribution deficiency (excess)	*	-	-	33,915	179,253
Covered-employee payroll	*	1,075,865	871,718	* 731,207	1,252,459
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	*	13.28%	15.40%	20.51%	1.26%

^{* 2019} information will be determined after fiscal year end and will be included in the 2020 valuation report.

^{**} Contributions are recorded based on date of receipt into the GMEBS trust. Minor timing issues in receipt of monthly payments are not indicative of non-compliance with GMEBS funding policy. A plan is in compliance with the GMEBS funding policy if it pays either the dollar amount or the percentage of employee-covered payroll of the actuarially determined contributions.

^{*** 2018} covered payroll is based on date collected as of September 30, 2017 for the 2018 actuarial valuation.

City of Pelham, Georgia Required Supplementary Information - Pension Plan June 30, 2019

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Valuation Date

The actuarially determined contribution rate was determined

as of January 1, 2019, with an interest adjustment to the fiscal year. Contributions in relation to this actuarially

determined contribution will be reported for the fiscal year

ending June 30, 2020.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Projected Unit Credit

Amortization Method Closed level dollar for remaining unfunded liability

Remaining Amortization Period Remaining amortization period varies for the bases, with a

net effective amortization period of 10 years

Sum of actuarial value at beginning of year and the cash

flow during the year plus the assumed investment return, adjusted by 10% of the amount that the value exceeds or is

less than the market value at end of year. The actuarial value is adjusted, if necessary, to be within 20% of market

value.

Actuarial Assumptions:

Asset Valuation Method

Net Investment Rate of Return 7.50%

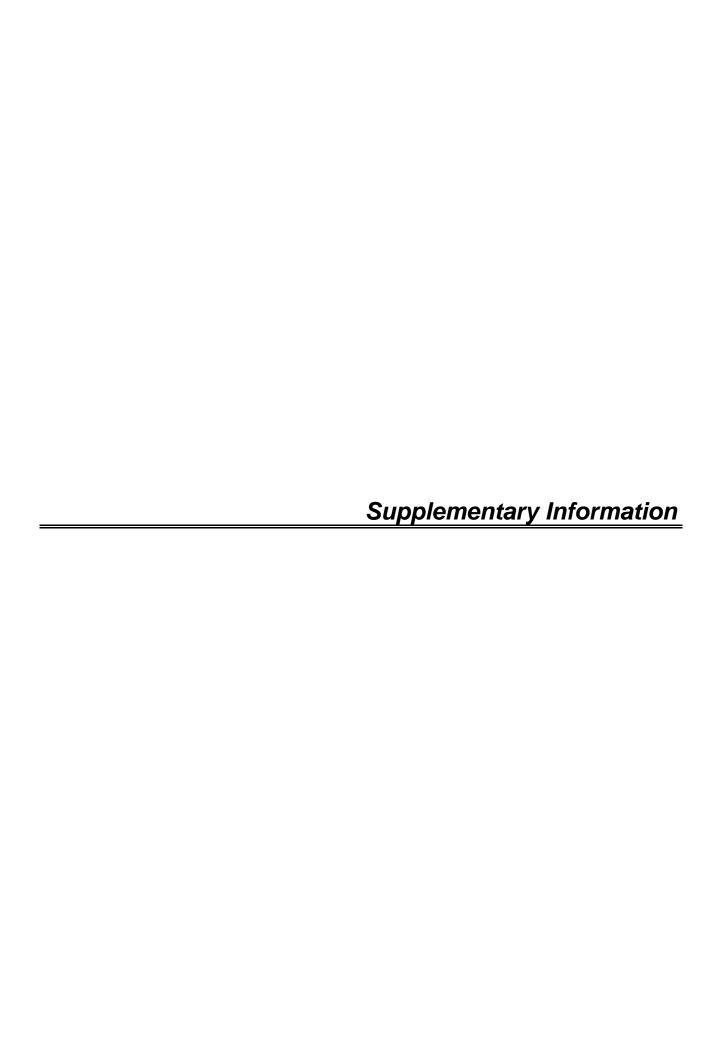
Projected Salary Increases 2.75% plus service based merit increases

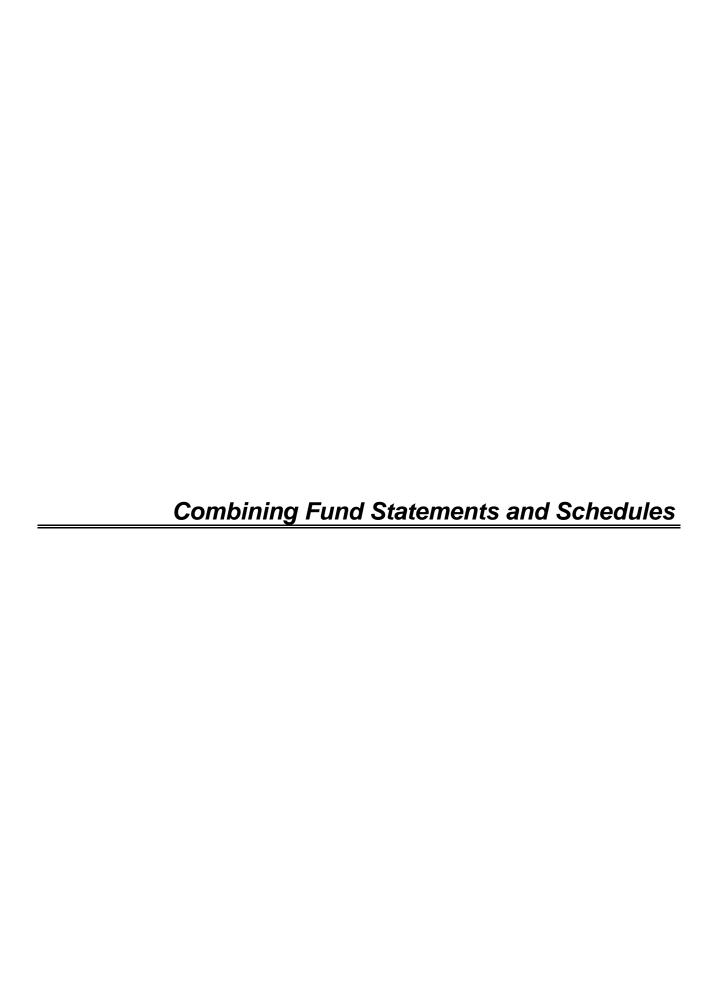
Cost of Living Adjustments 2.75%

Retirement Age

age 65-69 60% 70 and over 100%

Mortality RP-2000-Combined





City of Pelham, Georgia Non-Major Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2019

	Hotel/ Tax F	Totals		
ASSETS				
Intergovernmental receivable Notes receivable	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	\$		\$	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE				
Deferred revenue	_\$		\$	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		_		
FUND BALANCES Restricted for: Community Development Projects		<u>-</u>		
TOTAL LIABILITES AND FUND BALANCE	\$		\$	

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City of Pelham, Georgia Non-Major Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	/Motel Tax Fund	Totals		
	runu		TOTALS	
REVENUES				
Hotel/Motel Tax	\$ 30,678	\$	30,678	
TOTAL REVENUES	30,678		30,678	
EXPENDITURES				
Capital Outlay Housing and Development	30,678		30,678	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 30,678		30,678	
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over Expenditures before transfers	 		<u> </u>	
Net Change in Fund Balance	-		-	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	 			
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 	\$		

City of Pelham, Georgia Budgetary Comparision Schedule Hotel/Motel - Non-Major Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Original Budget	E	Final Budget	Actual mounts	with Bu Pos	riance Final dget- sitive gative)
REVENUES							
Hotel/Motel Tax	\$	15,160	\$	30,760	\$ 30,678	\$	(82)
TOTAL REVENUES		15,160		30,760	 30,678		(82)
EXPENDITURES							
Housing and Development							
Economic Development and Assistance		15,160		30,760	30,678		82
Total Housing and Development		15,160		30,760	30,678		82
TOTAL EXPENDITURES - ALL DEPARTMENTS	·	15,160		30,760	 30,678		82
Net Excess	\$		\$		\$ _	\$	



City of Pelham, Georgia Schedule of Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax June 30, 2019

Project	Original Estimated Cost	Estimated Estimated		Currer Year	t Total	Estimated Percentage Of Completion
2018						
Park & Recreational facilities construction and/or improvements	\$ 154,000	\$ 154,000	\$	- \$ 19	379 \$ 19,379	12.58%
Police vehicles and/or equipment	140,000	140,000		- 66	691 66,691	47.64%
Public Works and Water/Gas/Sewer vehicles and/or equipment	60,000	60,000		- 60	686 60,686	101.14%
Water & Sanitations Systems construction and/or improvements	120,000	120,000		- 108	236 108,236	90.20%
Retirement of general obligation debt for water and sewer improvements and Hand Trading Company Building	1,476,000	1,476,000		- 111	463 111,463	7.55%
Construction, maintenance, and improvement of city roads, streets, and bridges	382,030	382,030		<u>-</u>		0.00%
TOTAL	\$ 2,332,030	\$ 2,332,030	\$	- \$ 366	455 \$ 366,455	15.71%

City of Pelham, Georgia Community Development Block Grant Source and Application of Funds Schedule June 30, 2019

Grant #15p-x-101-2-5873	
Total Program Year 2019 funds allocated to recipient	\$ 500,000
Less: Total Program Year 2017 funds drawn down by recipient	(13,000)
Less: Total Program Year 2018 funds drawn down by recipient	(48,247)
Less: Total Program Year 2019 funds drawn down by recipient	(386,466)
* De-Obligated	(52,287)
Funds still available from Program Year 2019 Resources	\$ -
Total Program Year 2019 funds held at beginning of year	\$ -
Total Program Year 2017 funds drawn down and received by recipient	13,000
Total Program Year 2018 funds drawn down and received by recipient	48,247
Total Program Year 2019 funds drawn down and received by recipient	386,466
Less: Funds applied and expended to Program Year 2017 costs	(13,000)
Less: Funds applied and expended to Program Year 2018 costs	(48,247)
Less: Funds applied and expended to Program Year 2019 costs	(386,466)
TOTAL PROGRAM YEAR 2019 FUNDS HELD BY RECIPIENT	\$ -

City of Pelham, Georgia Community Development Block Grant Budget to Actual Funds Schedule June 30, 2019

			_	Grant #15p-x-101-2-5873						
	Activity Number	•			Current Period penditures		or Period enditures	Exp	and Total penditures to Date	 tioned ests
	P-03J-02	\$	470,000	\$	378,466	\$	39,247	\$	417,713	\$ -
	A-21A-00		30,000		8,000		22,000		30,000	
TOTAL		\$	500,000	\$	386,466	\$	61,247	\$	447,713	\$

^{*} De-Obligated \$52,287

City of Pelham, Georgia Community Development Block Grant Source and Application of Funds Schedule June 30, 2019

Grant #	#17h-x-101-2-5951	
Total Program Year 2019 funds allocated to recipient	\$ 72	25,773
Less: Total Program Year 2018 funds drawn down by re	ecipient ((7,500)
Less: Total Program Year 2019 funds drawn down by re	ecipient (34	5,492)
Funds still available from Program Year 2019 Resources	\$ 37	2,781
Total Program Year 2018 funds held at beginning of year	ar \$	-
Total Program Year 2018 funds drawn down and receive	ed by recipient	7,500
Total Program Year 2019 funds drawn down and receive	ed by recipient 34	5,492
Less: Funds applied and expended to Program Year 207	18 costs ((7,000)
Less: Funds applied and expended to Program Year 20	19 costs <u>(31</u>	9,717)
TOTAL PROGRAM YEAR 2019 FUNDS	HELD BY RECIPIENT \$ 2	6,275

City of Pelham, Georgia Community Development Block Grant Budget to Actual Funds Schedule June 30, 2019

			_	Grant #17h-x-101-2-5951										
	Approve Activity Budget		•		Latest Approved Budget CDBG Funds		Approved ity Budget		Current Period penditures		r Period enditures	Exp	and Total penditures to Date	 tioned osts
	H-001-01	\$	8,500	\$	8,500	\$	-	\$	8,500	\$ -				
	H-004-00		8,170		7,750		-		7,750	-				
	H-14A-01		276,691		113,260		-		113,260	-				
	H-14A-02		346,167		167,507		-		167,507	-				
	C-022-00		35,470		-		-		-	-				
	A-21A-00		50,775		22,700		7,000		29,700	 				
TOTAL		\$	725,773	\$	319,717	\$	7,000	\$	326,717	\$ 				



Perry L. Henry, LLC

Certified Public Accountant and Consultant

Perry L. Henry, CPA, CGFM, CFS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Pelham, Georgia

We have audited, in accordance with audit standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Pelham, Georgia as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Pelham, Georgia's basic financial statements, and have issued our report dated thereon December 30, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Pelham, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Pelham, Georgia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Pelham, Georgia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first

paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as item 2012-1 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Pelham, Georgia's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as item 2019-1.

City of Pelham's Response to Findings

City of Pelham, Georgia's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. *The* City of Pelham, Georgia's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Perry L. Henry, LLC

Perry L. Henry, LLC Bainbridge, Georgia December 30, 2019

2012-1

Condition: The City does not have adequate separation of duties in various functions of the City.

Criteria: Internal control is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance about your objectives with regard to reliability of:

- (1) financial reporting,
- (2) effectiveness and efficiency of operations, and
- (3) Compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

Cause: There is an insufficient number of staff to properly segregate functions of all transaction cycles.

Effect: The City will be exposed to increased risk that the financial statements could be materially misstated whether by error or intentionally and not be detected in a timely manner.

Recommendation: The City should monitor the control environment and continue to strengthen controls where cost effective.

Management's Response: Management agrees. A corrective action plan will be issued under a separate cover.

City of Pelham, Georgia Schedule of Findings and Responses June 30, 2019

2019-1

Criteria:

The City entered into various transfers and payments between the SPLOST, General and Enterprise funds regarding the purchase of several vehicles. Some vehicles were qualified SPLOST expenditures and some were not.

Condition:

Once all transactions were reviewed, it was determined that the General Fund owes the SPLOST fund \$2,217.60 at year-end for non-qualified expenditures. This has resulted in comingling of SPLOST proceeds with those of other funds which is a violation of State Law.

Cause:

Miscommunications within management with the change in city managers were likely a contributing factor.

Effect:

Violation of state law.

Recommendation:

Repay amounts listed above and review all subsequent transactions to verify all expenditures paid using SPLOST proceeds are qualified.

Management's Response:

Management agrees with finding and will correct financial reporting as necessary. City management and leadership will work together and develop policies and procedures to prevent a recurrence of these events.